

# Efficiency North – EN:Lighten Programme

Coaching Led Performance 1

16<sup>th</sup> & 17<sup>th</sup> Jul 24





# Day 1





# Check In

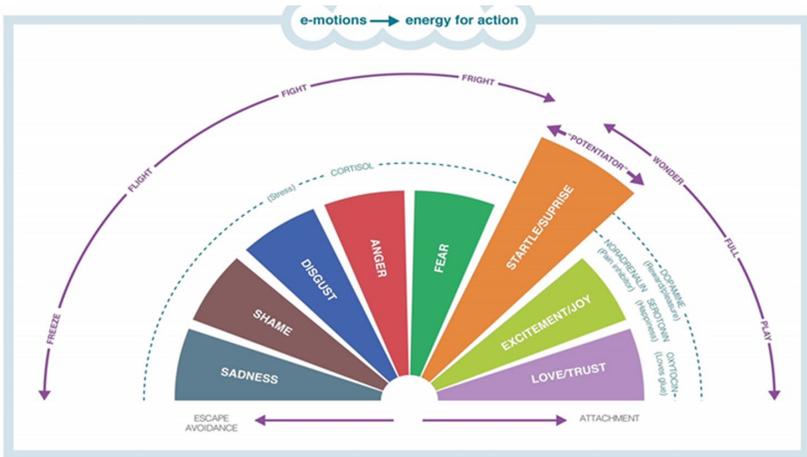


Feel?



Distraction?

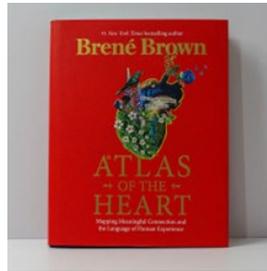
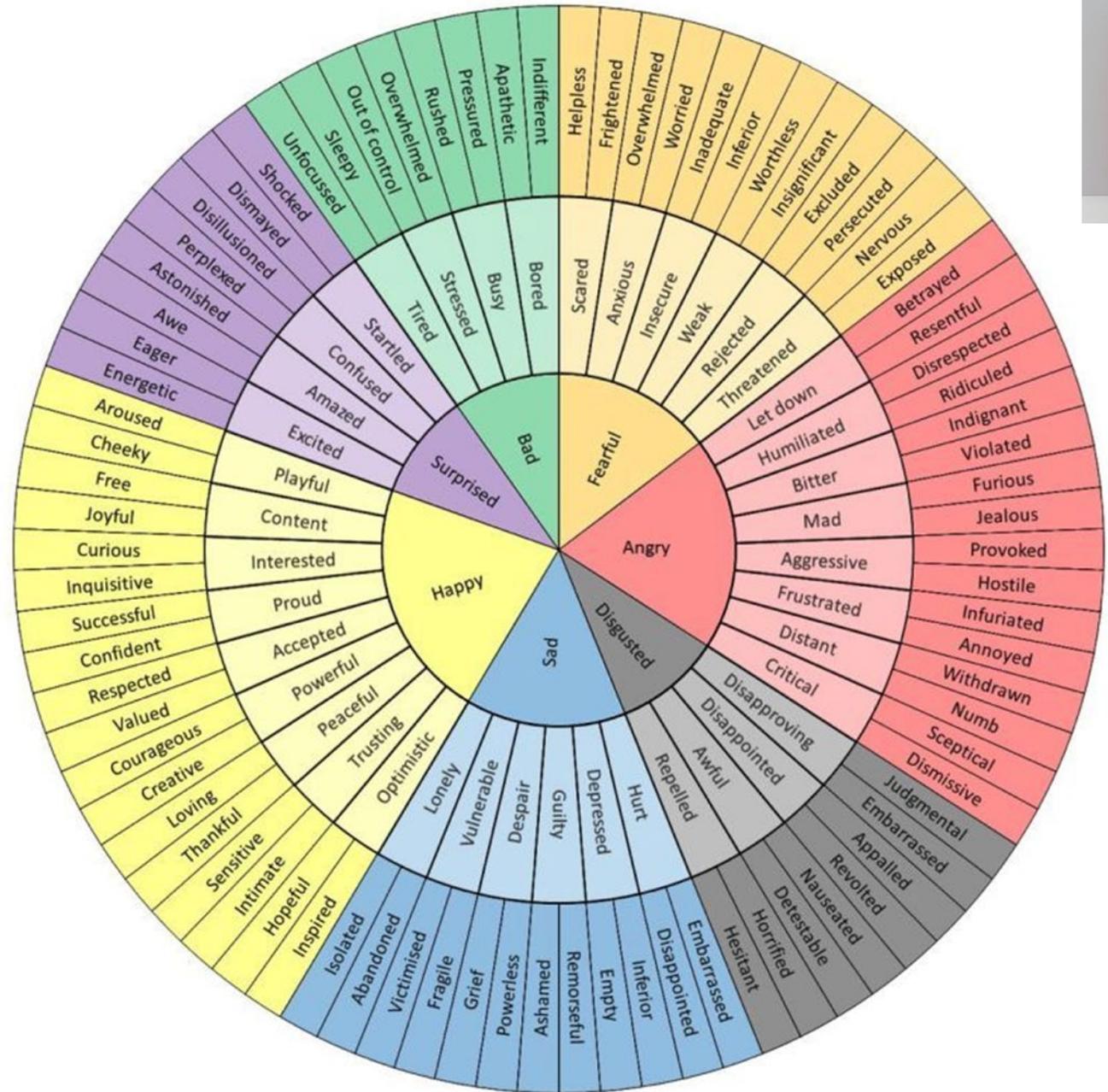




Ins:

2 minutes:

- How are you **feeling** and what might be **distracting** you from being present?
- What do you need to enable you to become fully present to get the most from today's session?



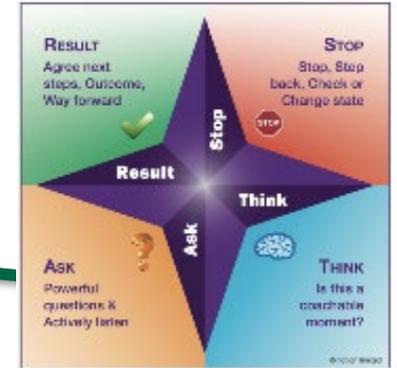
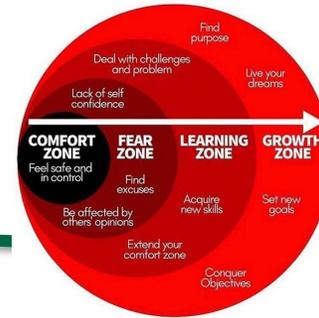
# Coaching-Led Environment 2 – Creating the Environment for Growth

## Checking in



**GROWTH MINDSET**  
 "Failure is an opportunity to grow"  
 "I can learn to do anything I want"  
 "Challenges help me to grow"  
 "My effort and attitude determine my outcome"  
 "Feedback is constructive"  
 "I am inspired by the success of others"  
 "I like to try new things"

**FIXED MINDSET**  
 "Failure is the limit of my abilities"  
 "I'm either good at it or I'm not"  
 "My abilities are unchanging"  
 "I don't like to be challenged"  
 "My potential is predetermined"  
 "When I'm frustrated, give up"  
 "Feedback and criticism are personal"  
 "I stick to what I know"

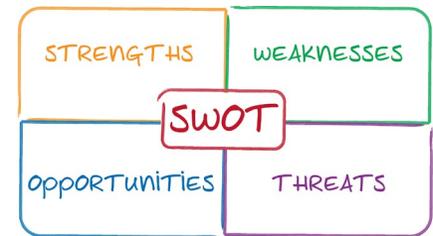
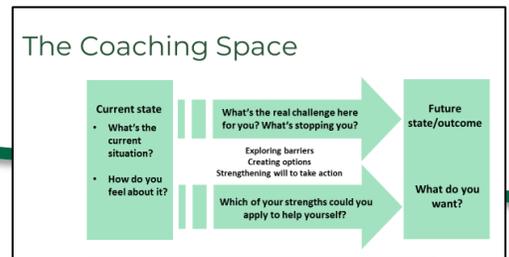
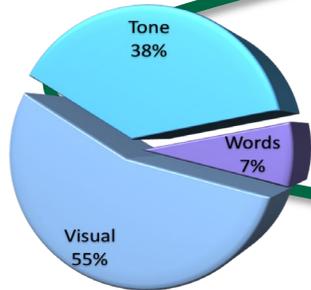
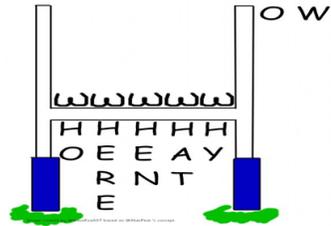


THINK

ASK

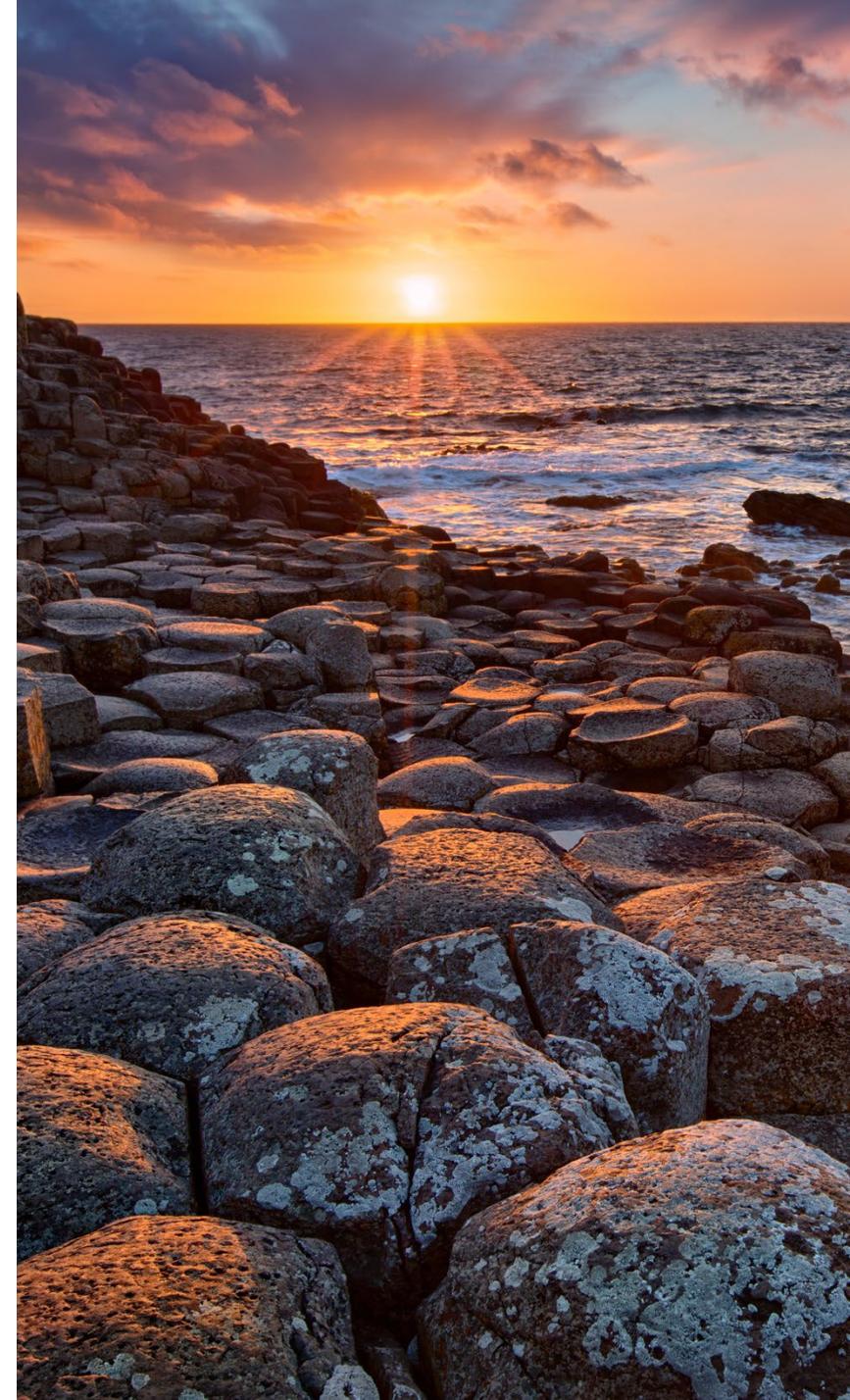
STOP

**What learning, reflections or actions related to En:Lighten have you had since we last met?**



# CLP 1 Outcomes

- Increase ability to **flex your leadership style** between coachable moments and mentoring/directing moments.
- **Deepen your coaching skills** around perspective, noticing, listening & questioning.
- Support your staff to create **meaningful goals** through coaching conversations
- Be able to **delegate effectively** through empowerment
- **Give and receive feedback** and have healthy challenging conversations without creating or feeling personal conflict
- Deepen your own **self awareness**
- Form **wider connections** across EN's management structure.



# Coaching-Led Performance 1 – Enabling Individuals

S M A R T

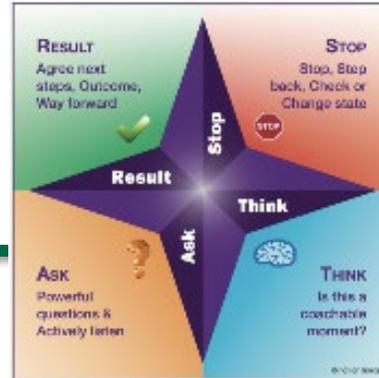
Checking in & learning review



Leadership audits & future you

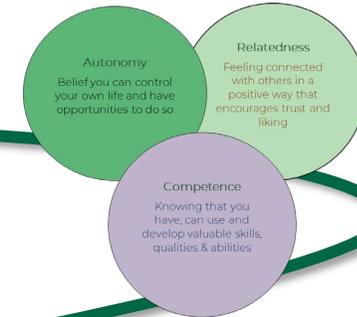


Leadership assumptions

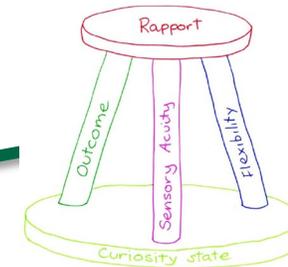


Coachable moments

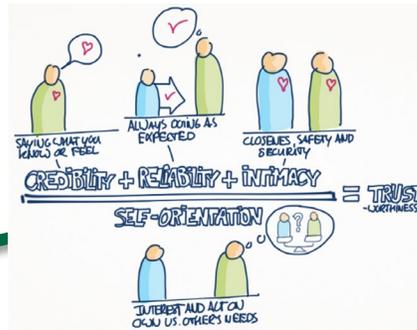
Supporting & Challenging Staff



Motivation



Trust



The Coaching Space



Delegation & Empowerment

Delegation – 'Pitch-marking'



"Be Strong"

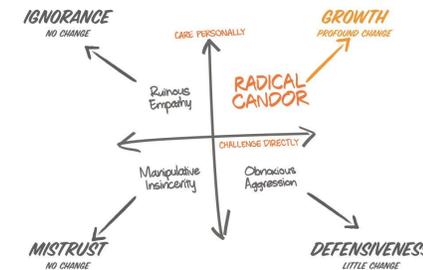
"Be Perfect"

"Try Hard"

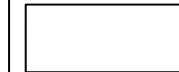
"Hurry Up"

"Please Others"

A feedback mindset



Qualtrics 360 Feedback Evaluation 3rd December 2020



360 feedback

Deepening self-awareness



# Our Group Contract

Getting the best from each other  
"Contracting"



Respect : Be present

Equality of voices

Be Curious

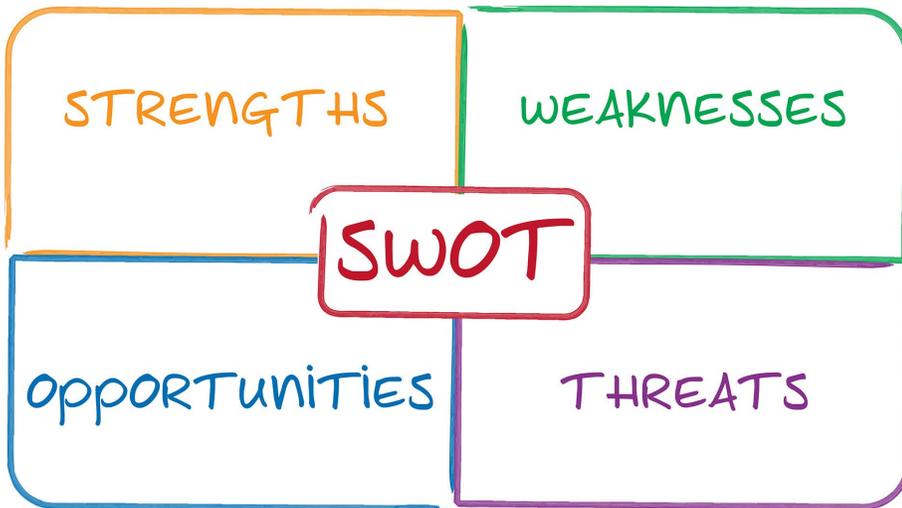
Encouraging Challenge

Confidentiality

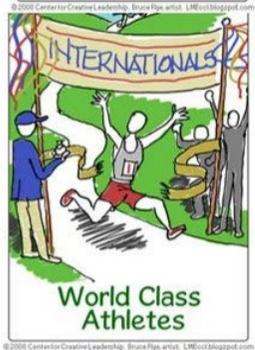


# Assessing your leadership

Having reflected on your personal development SWOT, your 1<sup>st</sup> coaching session and your leadership self assessment.....



.....pick a leadership metaphor card to summarise your leadership goals



Break



# Creating a Culture of Engagement & Empowerment



# The Central Paradox of leadership in organisations

It's a tough job being a leader and manager. At the heart there are two demands that feel at odds:

On one hand you have to.....

**Set high standards, be in control**

Times are not easy – you are accountable for the performance of your staff

Challenge if they are under-performing



On the other hand you have to

**Be nice, give away your power**

You can't get good performance from compliance

People don't respond well being told what to do – you have to encourage them

...directive, demanding...a reputation for harshness...even grievances against you....



...too nice, gullible, easily out-manoeuvred, staff will make mistakes and you are responsible..



# Traditional leadership assumptions

- #1 Human beings are rational, so you can manage through rationality
- #2 Personal life belongs at home
- #3 Leaders can be in control
- #4 Force Works
- #5 Everything should be measured
- #6 Objectives set at the top can cascade through the organisation
- #7 Performance appraisals are an essential tool of management
- #8 People can be managed through a carrot and stick approach



# The Leadership continuum

DIRECTIVE

NON - DIRECTIVE



## Telling

## Teaching

## Mentoring

## Coaching

## Role Modelling

<p>Setting and maintaining boundaries and giving clarity</p> <p>Vision for company Policies and procedures Standards Principles Job Descriptions Objectives</p>	<p>Creating consistency of delivery and performance</p> <p>Providing solutions Demonstrating Training Monitoring Feedback Measurement New tasks / approaches</p>	<p>Sharing experience and encouraging growth and broadening</p> <p>Advising Guiding Sharing experience Considering wider system and perspectives Dissolving barriers Checking in</p>	<p>Enabling own thinking and transferring responsibility and ownership</p> <p>Enabling thinking Creating outcomes Questioning Listening Observing and playing back Working on options Multiple perspectives</p>	<p>Embodying and Inspiring direction of travel</p> <p>Inspiring Story-telling Metaphor Setting direction Modelling behaviour - using body-language, voice and actions for impact</p>
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# A manager mindset that leads to a directive style

Here's what I think

- Good managers stay in control / do the 'right thing'
- I need to display intelligence and experience
- I'm expected to make the decisions
- People don't know as much as I do
- I need to help people by fixing things for them
- 'It's down to me'

Here's what I do

- Fix issues / give people solutions
- Listen in order to confirm my own thinking / hypothesis
- Reduce my 'question to statement ratio'
- Take charge of situations
- Quickly displaying my knowledge
- Feel pressure to maintain a position of 'perfection'



# A manager mindset that leads to a less-directive style

Here's what I think

- My team relationships are based on equality
- My subordinates can generate effective solutions
- I need to create the context in which other people can perform / be successful
- Part of my contribution is to grow and develop people
- We are successful together

Here's what I do

- Encourage people to think and act for themselves
- Focus first on the person then the issue
- Question to provoke productive enquiry
- Challenge subjectivity, interpretations or false limits
- Use facilitation skills to support the process of a conversation
- Delegate to develop and grow



# What might get in the way?



- My experience!
- Busyness /time
- Not able to listen well
- Easier to give a solution
- Mindset around feedback
- Belief in the other person
- What else.....?



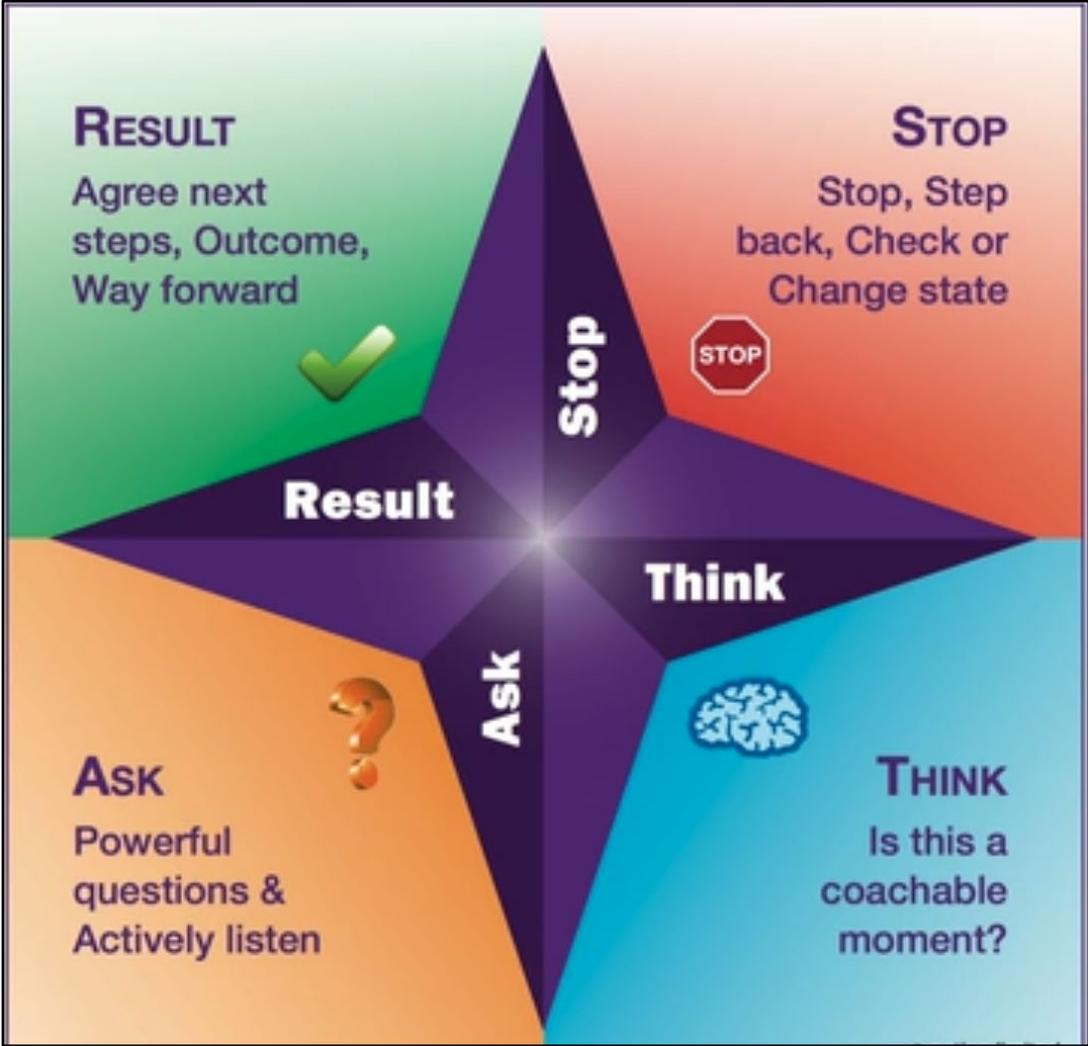
Hardest thing to do is to  
STOP!

And think...

..is this a coachable  
moment?



# STAR Coaching - Coachable Moments



# Coachable moments - group supervision

## Self – Reflection exercise

Choose a conversation you've recently had with a colleague where you didn't achieve the outcome you had hoped for.

1. What did I do?
2. What made me respond that way?
3. What was the point in the conversation where the outcome I wanted started to get away from me?
4. Did I do or say something on autopilot that I should be more aware about?

## Group supervision technique Action Learning



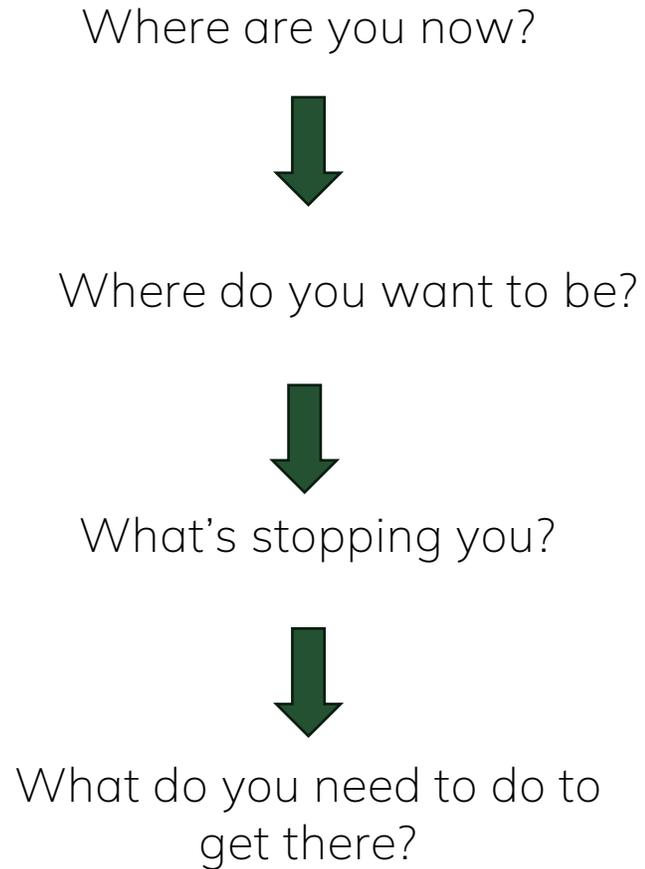


Lunch



# Coaching Models

All questioning models are a variation on the same theme:



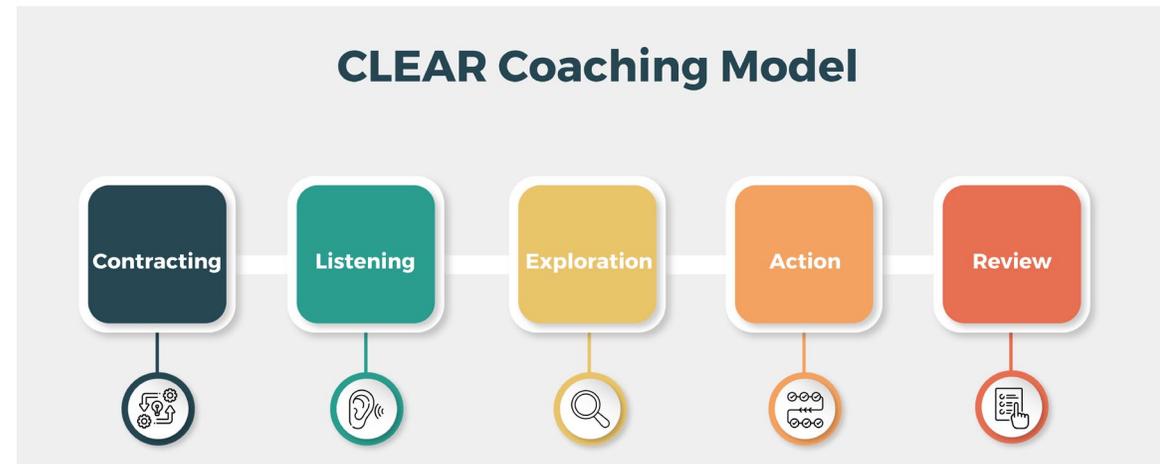
## OSCAR Coaching Model

OSCAR Coaching Model



## The GROW Model

## CLEAR Coaching Model



# 10 great coaching questions

1. What do you want to achieve? What will be the long-term result of achieving this ?
2. What's important about that outcome / goal? Why is it important now?
3. When you achieve this, what will be the benefit for you?
4. What's the real challenge here for you? / What have you already tried?
5. What resources are you going to need and where would you get these resources from?
6. What could get in the way and how will you overcome that?
7. What support do you need and where will you get that from?
8. If someone else you know was facing this issue, what would you tell them to do?
9. What are your options? Which one(s) will you choose?
10. What first step will you take and when will you take it?



# How would you define motivation?



# SMART Goals



Specific	Measurable	Attractive	Realistic	Time-Framed
Focus on clearly defined activity that will take you <b>out of your comfort zone</b> . If broad, break it down and be more precise	Think about how you will measure your progress and achievements. Look at your goal from all angles to consider its impact more broadly eg on those around you	Its might sound obvious but its important to focus on goals that you actually want to achieve. Without a drive to succeed or an emotional connection, the chances of success are slim.	Set goals that you can realistically achieve in your chosen time frame. Goals should be stretching and ambitious but you don't want to set the bar too high and set yourself up for failure.	Every goal needs a clear deadline, whether it is short or long term. One that is realistic but will also keep you motivated to achieve it.
<b>Ask Yourself:</b>	<b>Ask Yourself:</b>	<b>Ask Yourself:</b>	<b>Ask Yourself:</b>	<b>Ask Yourself:</b>
Would this make sense to someone hearing it for the first time? Will achieving it really help me grow?	How would I evidence my success? What would be different? What would others see?	How much do I really want this? If the answer is 'not that much' what would make you want it more? Or consider a different goal.	Is this something I can really achieve with all the time and resources I have available? If the answer is 'no', either review your deadline or break down your goal into smaller chunks.	When to I want to need to have achieved this by? Can I make that happen within my timeframe? What needs to happen or be in place for me to achieve it by then?



# Motivation



A **motive** for **action**

**Motivate** = to make someone want to take action



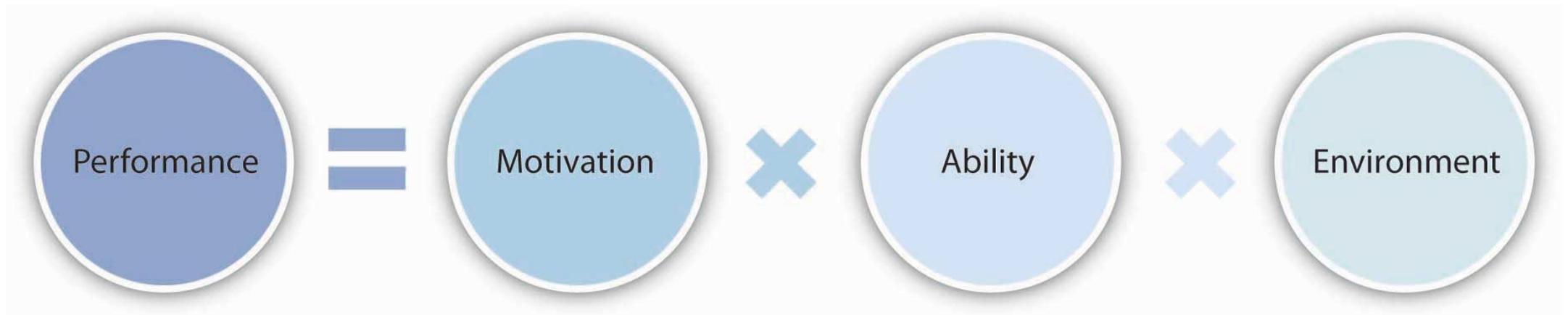
How do you recognise someone who is motivated?



# Motivation and performance

Motivation is one of the foundations of performance.

Motivation predicts effort and persistence, not performance.





**Motivation is a balance  
between many  
complex factors.**



# Team & self-motivation

In 3 groups of reflect on:

What signs would indicate a lack of motivation?

How can you increase motivation?



# Intrinsic / Extrinsic

Extrinsic motivation:  
carrot and stick

Intrinsic motivation:  
what drives this person?

## INTRINSIC motivation



Interest and enjoyment in the task itself

## EXTRINSIC motivation



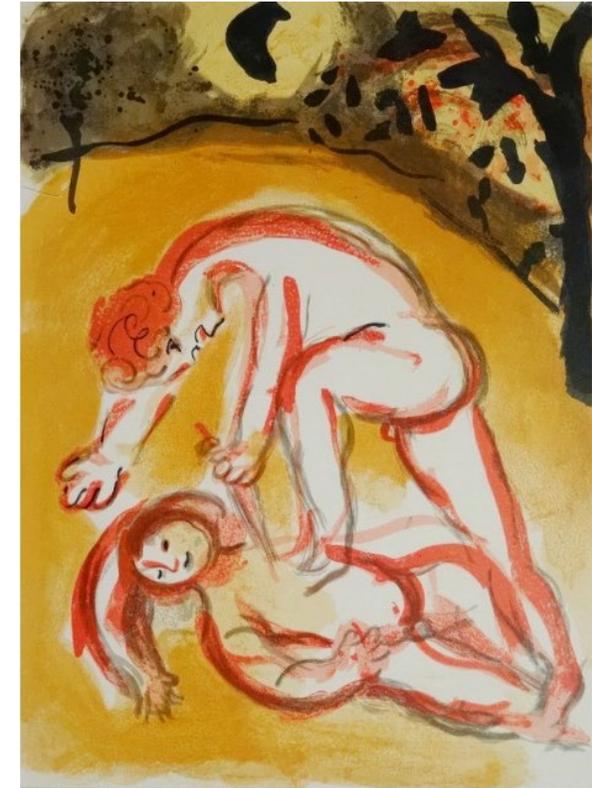
Outcome that will result by doing the task

# The risks of extrinsic...

Extrinsic limits creativity



Extrinsic kills intrinsic



Extrinsic needs constant maintenance

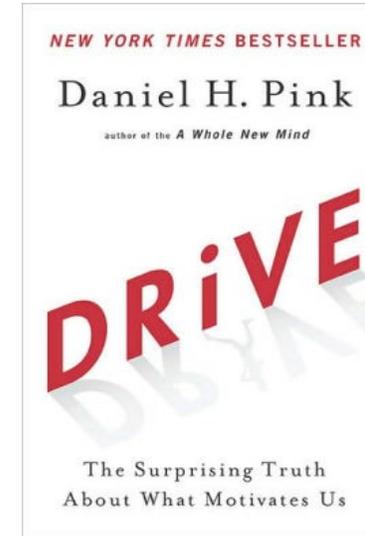
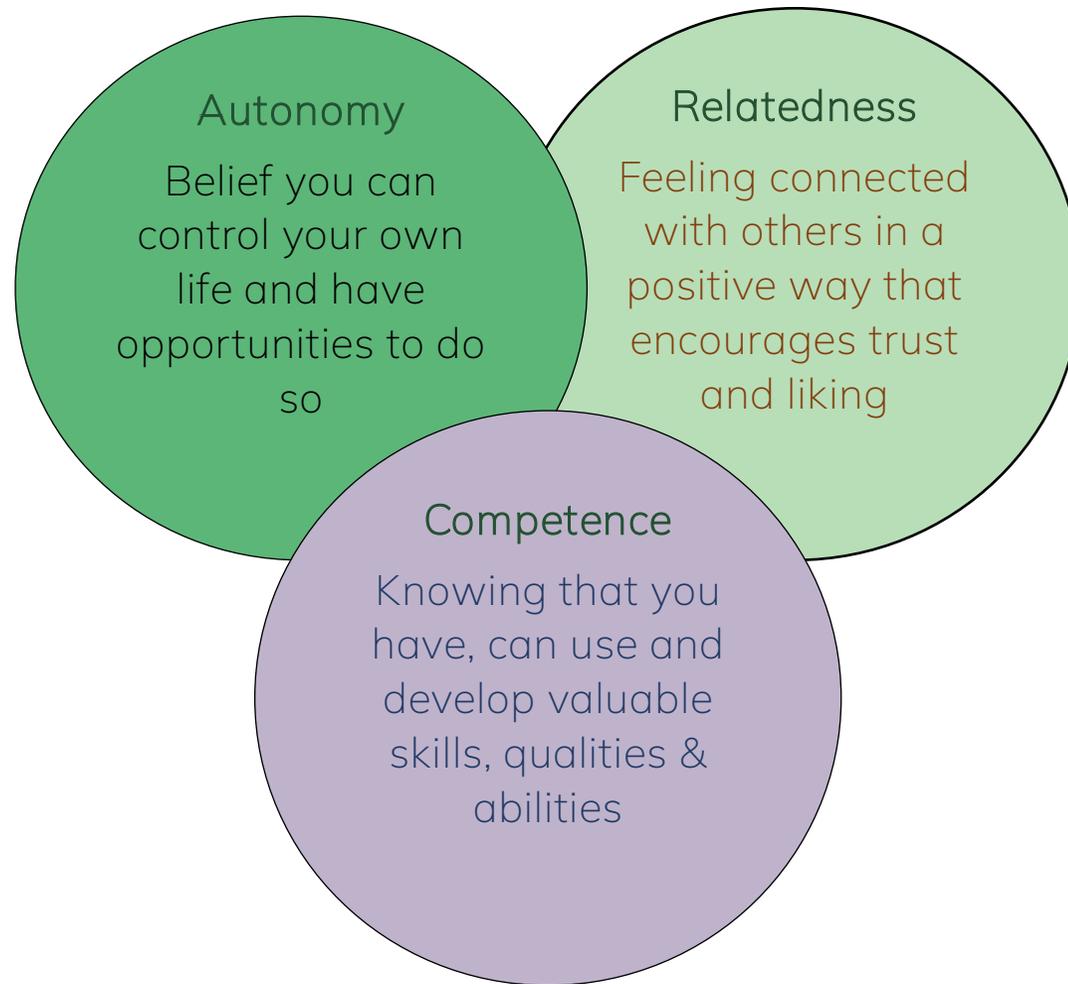
(Herzberg's Two Factor Theory)



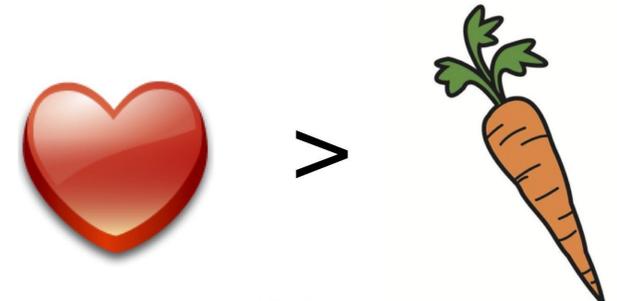
Extrinsic is addictive



# Motivation Theory



Autonomy  
Mastery  
Purpose



Self-determination theory (SDT) of human motivation and personality.

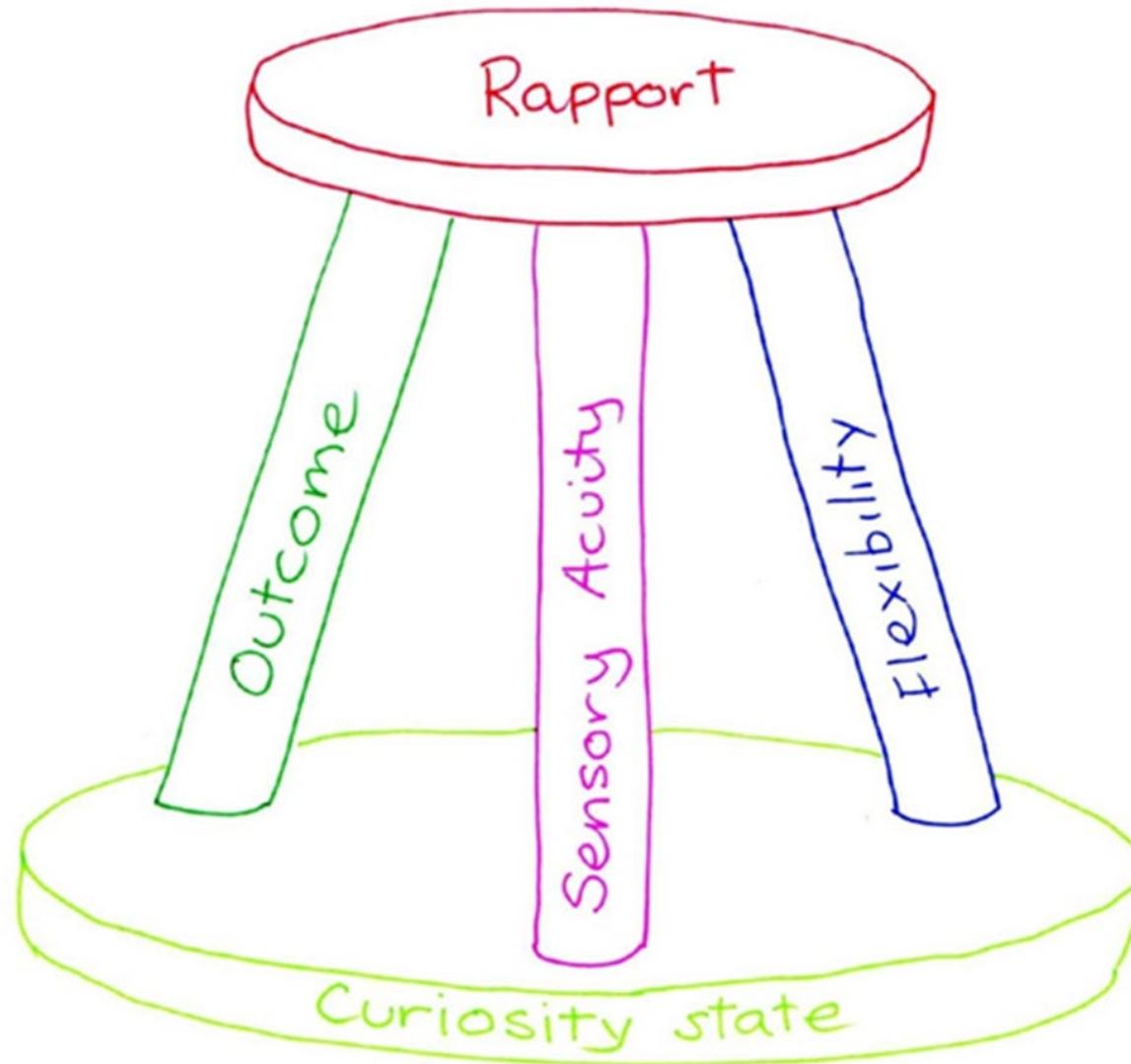
*Ryan & Deci 2000*



Break



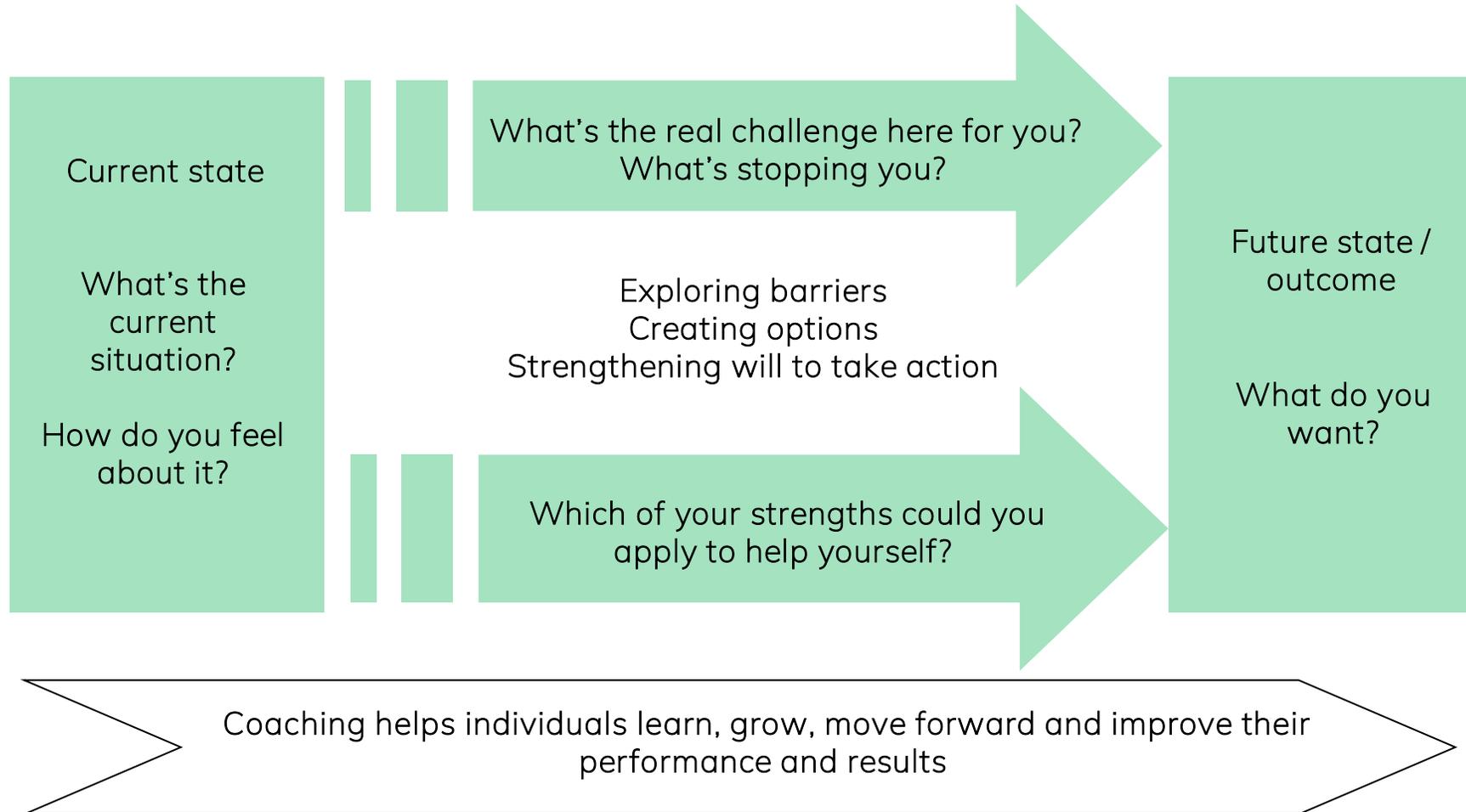
# Setting the conditions for coaching led performance



Mindset & Communication  
Conditions for Success



# The Coaching Space



A coaching conversation is about helping someone move forward and is essentially made up of these questions and exploration of their answers



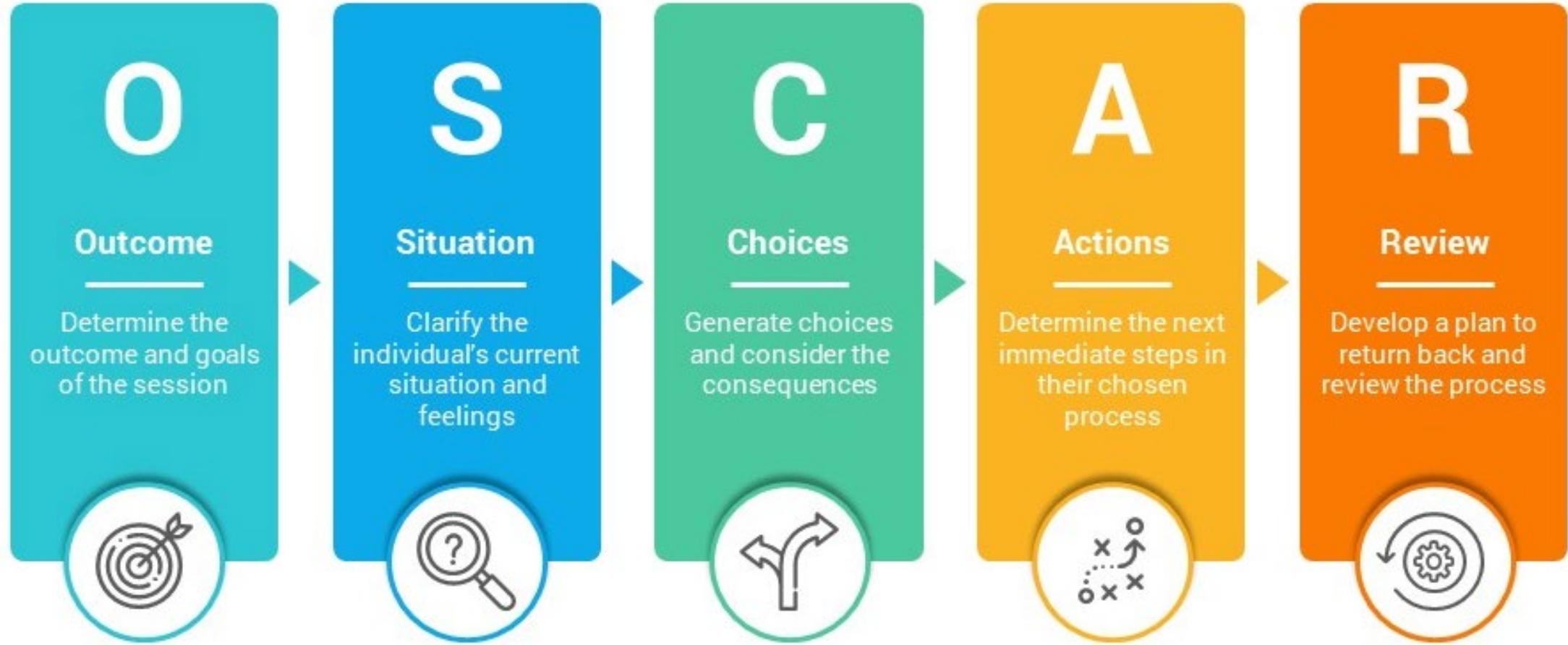
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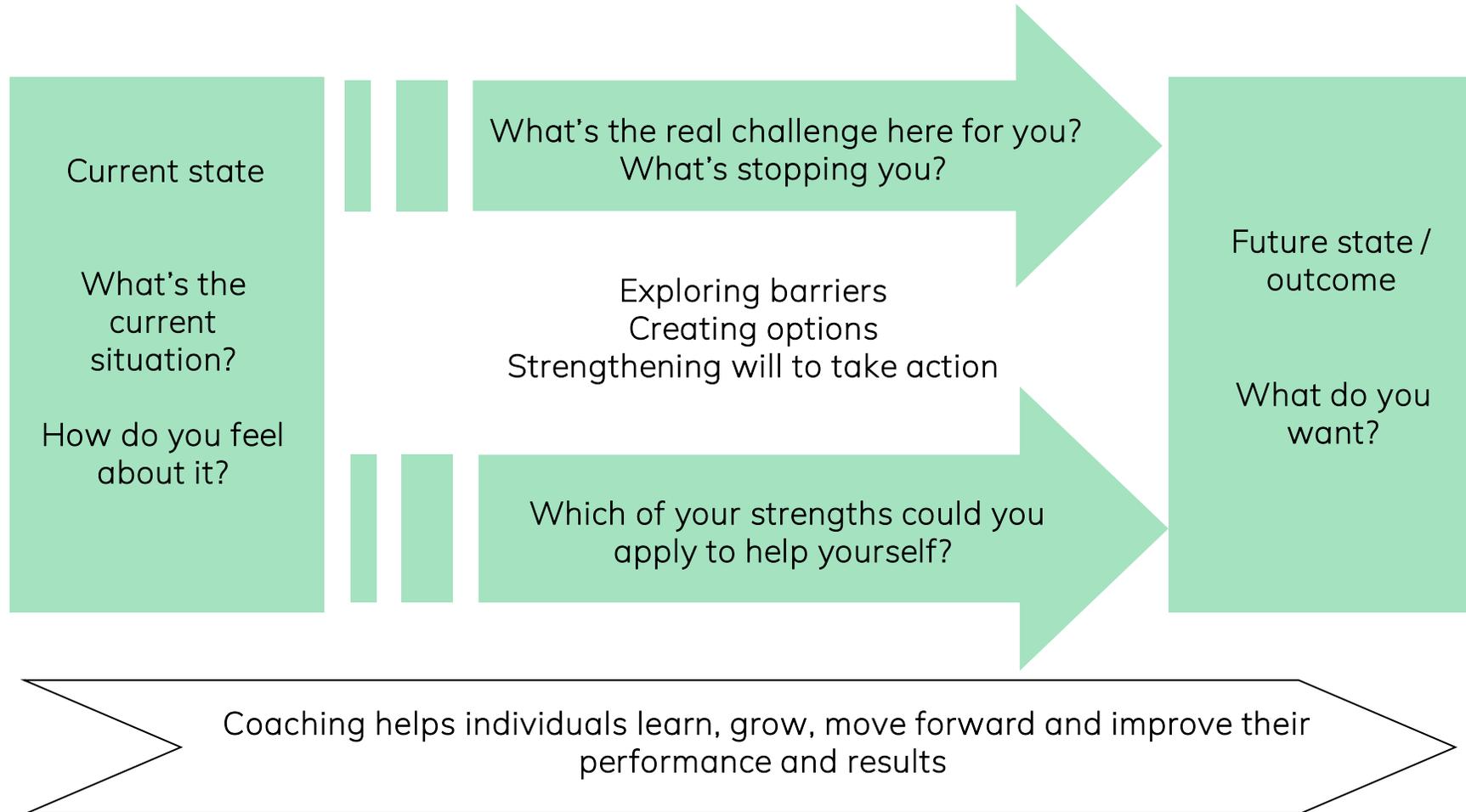


# Coaching Model: OSCAR

OSCAR Coaching Model



# The Coaching Space



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# Coaching Practice: Triads

Choose a real issue that is challenging you at work (or outside work)

1. A coaches B for **20 mins**. C observes (**and sets timer**)

2. Feedback **5 mins**:

A assesses own coaching: what I did well; what I can do differently

B gives A feedback from coachee point of view: what worked well for me, what I would have liked more of.

C gives the coach (only) feedback from an observer's perspective – focus on core coaching skills

Use a timer

25 mins for each round – 20 mins coach & 5 mins debrief

3 rotations

